

כללי דקדוק באנגלית

Modals

נערך על ידי מטיק מרכזי למידה

MODALS

TENSES	USE	MODAL
present	יכול	can
a. past	a. can עבר של	could
b. present	b. בקשה מנומסת	
all tenses	יכול, מסוגל	(be) able to
a, future	α. עשוי	may
b. present	b. רשאי	
future	a. עשוי b. עלול	might
present, future	כדאי, צריך	should
all tenses	חייב, מוכרח	have to
present	חייב, מוכרח	must
present	אסור	mustn't

CAN

- + I can eat a whole watermelon by myself.
- You can't even eat half a watermelon.
- ? Can she do that?

COULD

<u>מ. can עבר של</u>

- + My grandfather could run very fast when he was young.
- She couldn't help me.
- ? Could he read when he was five years old?

b. בקשה מנומסת

? Could you pass the salt, please?



(BE) ABLE TO

- + I am able to do this test by myself. (present)
- She was not able to look after herself. (past)
- ? Will you be able to play basketball tomorrow? (future)

MAY

עשוי .ם

- + He may come tomorrow.
- She may not go with him.

<u>b. רשאי</u>

- ? May I have some ice-cream, please?
- No, you may not!

MIGHT

- + They might go on a picnic tomorrow, but only if it doesn't rain.
- She might not agree to cook dinner for us.

SHOULD

- + You should really try this cake, it's delicious! (present)
- I shouldn't eat it, I'm on a diet. (present)
- ? Should he make another cake like it tomorrow? (future)



HAVE TO

- + They have to clean their room this afternoon. (future)
- You don't have to clean your room because it's already clean, (present)
- ? Did she have to clean her room yesterday? (past)

MUST

- + I must finish this today.
- You don't have to eat supper if you're not hungry.
- ? Must you be so noisy?

MUSTN'T

- He mustn't forget to walk the dog.

